during the ferencess. In the afternoon and at night E case of The commenter at the Dispatch office february 1, 1876.

Fibruary 1, 1875. Temperature: 36 1-6. THE WEATHER To-DAY .- The probabilities

are that it will be cloudy.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

Capitol Notes. Mr. C. U. Willisms, of Richmond, yesterby introduced in the House a bill proposing by persons who drink, chew, smoke, or

ke shuff, two dollars per year, and those no indulge in proface language five dellars vest. It is proposed to make each male tant take eath whether he indulges in any of these things. If he swears yea, he is to sed. If he swears nay, be is to be exempt. alles, not being mentioned, are presumed to exemple also. Mr. Williams thinks if the agriculture will pass his bill and have it properly enforced that it will put much money a state Treasury. After another warm discussion between

Genetal H. A. Wise and Mr. Thomas Branch the Hause Committee on Propositions and terrevatees yesterday reported against the I proposite to repeal the charter of the Willows and Orphans. In the course of his remarks General Wise descanted on legislative gambling, rafiles at church pairs, and the sins of money-lenders. Judge George Stevers, of Nelson county,

He says the trouble between him and Delethat neither Captain Fowle nor his friend election. had anything to do with the slanders and uncharitable comments of some of the newsose this affair is before the public is yet to be disclosed; whether for the ruin and in-

The House Committee on Prisons and Asylums visited the penitentiary yesterday, ported through the institution ! urbane superintendent and his polite

Mr. (lark's Senate bill to provide temadstones for the graves of General Stuart and A. P. Hill (recalled from was passed in the Senate again Knight received 13. with amendments. Mr. Clark exal that General Stuart's brother was in city making arrangements himself to have bondsome monument erected over the rave of the great Confederate cavalryman. Smart's name was then stricken from the bill and General Edward Johnson's name substituted. On Mr. Critcher's motion ex-President John Tyler's name was dso added, and the appropriation increased The bill was then passed.

The bill appropriating \$40,000 to each the Western and Eastern Lunatic Asylums was engrossed in the Senate yesterday, and to-day

Mr. Grimsley, from the special joint committee appointed to investigate the cause and igh of the late fire at the Eastern Lunatic tum, submitted their report. The committee are of the opinion that the fire was arely abcidental, originating in the defective flue leading from the bakery and communicating with the joists placed near it. They are also of the opinion that the fire might have been subdued when tirst discovered if the fire apparatus had been in proper working order and in skilful hands. They recommend the immediate erection of a kitchen, bakery, and store-room, at a safe distance from the main building, at a cost of about four thousand dollars.

The Heuse bill to incorporate the Richmend Chamber of Commerce was passed in the Senate yesterday, with the addition of a few trifling amendments put ripon it by the Senate Committee on Agriculture and

At 72 o'clock to-night there will be a conference of the Conservative members of the eneral Assembly in the hall of the House of

The House county-court bill, after being amended in the Senate yesterday so that its ii ost intimate friends wouldn't know it, was defeated, and then reconsidered, and the bill finally recommitted to the Committee for Courts of Justice. The bill is probably killed for this session, as there is such wide differchie in the views of the two houses of the General Assembly.

AS IMPORTANT AMENDMENT TO THE CITY passed Mr. Williams's bill to amend the money exceeding the sum of \$100, imposing the, or nutborizing the korrowing of noney, a vote of two thirds of eil the memriected to each branch of the Council shall be required.

I'm BERMOND CRY GUARD - The followis the House bill in relation to this promedic new company :

We reas there is a volunteer company in the gity of Richmond, composed of the rethe number of mer, known as the Richmond saty Guard, and commanded by Charles 2 Taylor; and whereas they desire the service of the State; therefore " he connected by the General Besembly,

That it shall be lawful for the Richmond City Guard to danform themselves in such style and secondary to such regulations as they, or a mighrity of them, shall agree.

"This act shall be in force from its pas-The bill was introduced by Mr. Kellam,

and was tavorably reported from the Committee on Militia and Police,

THE FIRE YESTERDAY .- Yesterday at 120 Female Institute, on Tenth street between bulry and penetrated even the rooms. The firemen at the Broad-Street as a good deal of excitement, but no dam-

CALIFIED .- Mr. Charles W. Godd'n qualas a notary public in the Hustings Court

er was done.

# DAILY DISPATCH

VOL. XLIX.

RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 2, 1876.

## MINORITY REPORT.

A NEW ELECTION RECOMMENDED-MESSRS, BLAND, WOOD, AND SPITLER DANIEL'S REPORT THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE-POSITION OF THE CASE IN THE SENATE.

Mr. Bland yesterday submitted to the Senate the report of the minority of the Committee on Privileges and Elections in the case of Knight vs. Johnson. The grounds of the petitioner's claim to the seat are stated, and the minority say: " We are of the opincinct of Jefferson Ward and the returns therefor; for while both contestant and incombent attempt to show fraud and illegal voting in other wards, or collusion and misconduct of registrars at other precincts in the outside of said First precinct with sufficient certainty to modify or change the result in any particular. Now, these questions arise: 1st. Was there fraud at the First precinct of Jefferson Ward? If so, to what extent? 2d. What is the consequence of such fraud,

if established? According to the returns of the officers the contestant received but thirteen votes at this precinct, while 391 are returned for the incumbent. To establish fraud, as charged by contestant, the depositions of a large number of witnesses, both white and colored, were taken, who swore they voted for Knight and not for Johnson-a sufficient number, he contends, to give him a majority of all the votes cast in the election.

#### INCUMBENT'S OBJECTION.

The incumbent objects to this evidence on the ground that it is incompetent for a voter to testify, even voluntarily, for whom he voted in the election. He claims that this testimeny being excluded, there is no evidence in the record to prove fraud, and therefore the returns must be taken as true. Can this objection be sustained? We think sides that certainly at least 402 ballots were not. We have been unable to find anything cast at this precinct. If so, how will stand in the Constitution, laws, or usages of this or any other State to support such a position. On the contrary, we think it will be found that the current of precedents of legislative bodies and the decisions of the courts on this sujbect are uniformly against such a Lottery Association for the Benefit of the position. We do not believe this objection can be supported either by reason or by consideration of public policy.

#### SECRECY OF THE BALLOT.

For, in our opinion, to establish such a precedent would be equivalent to suppressin the calv, stopping at the St. James Hotel. ing all inquiry into an election where the voting was by ballot in which fraud is the gate Fowle was some time ago adjusted ground of contest. It would, indeed, be to haroughly and satisfactority, to the perfect transfer the election from the honest voters satisfaction of both parties. I am assured to the corrupt judges who might hold the

In support of these views the minority make citations from Reed vs. Kneas, from rapers of the State. Why and for what pur- Brightley's Leading Cases, page 366, and People vs. Thacker-55 New York Reports. From the above reasoning, and from the ary of Captain Fowle or myself, or of both, authorities cited, we conclude that a voter know not. I ask an investigation, and has the right to testify how he voted in an await the result without apprehension; and election. In this case all the witnesses testhe mean time beg the public to suspend tified voluntarily, and not under compulsion.

#### MACDOUGAL'S PRECINCY.

This testimony being competent, as we think, to establish fraud, we next inquire whether, from the evidence submitted, fraud has been proven at the First precinct of Jefferson Ward; and if so, to what extent. The ballots cast, Johnson received 391, and

The witnesses introduced by contestant prove that there were of whites and colored who read their ballots and voted for Knight, and not for Johnson, at this precinct: Whites, 33: colored, 23. Total number who read their ballots, 56.

#### THE COLORED VOTERS. Besides these there are fifty (50) colored voters who could not read, but swore they

voted for Knight and not for Johnson. Some of the latter swore they had their ballots read to them by those in whom they had confidence. Some, that they received their ballots from one Pat. Smith (colored), who, like them, could not read, but testified that he gave them ballots obtained by him from John S. Wise, who in turn testified that he gave Independent tickets to said Pat. Smith to be distributed at that precinct; and others that they got tickets from their employers or friends, who they believed would not deceive While we do not think it is legally them. proven that these fifty electors who could not read voted for the contestant, yet their testimony tends to prove that they did vote for him and not for Johnson, and to this extent they strengthen the evidence of the fifty-six (56) who read their ballots and swore they voted for Knight and not for Johnson. All

of these witnesses, if they are to be believed, prove fraud, where only thirteen are accorded to the contestant. But this is not all, principles of our Government." Lawson Nunnally, a respectable white witness, testifies that he wrote his ballot throughout, and that he voted for Knight and not for Jehnson. On inspecting the ballots from that precinct, which were produced before the committee, no such ballot as Nunnally describes is found among them. This goes to show that his ballot was fraudulently ab-

#### stracted by some one. THE INDEPENDENT TICKET.

Again, when the ballots were inspected by the committee over seventy were found headed Independent Ticket with the names mittee, induce my hearty concurrence in the of Johnson, Tanner, and Wortham upon them, all so uniformly folded and so free from blot or stain as to preclude the possib lity of an accidental c. incidence.

It appears from the evidence of Valden, the only judge of election at that ETER.-The House of Delegates yester- precinct examined, that ardent spirits of different kinds were introduced during onth section of the charter of the city the morning into the room where the elecso as to provide that on all tion was held, and were drank during the ordinances or joint resolutions appropriating | day by the judges, all of which we conceive to be in express violation of faw. This witness confesses that he drank too much during the day, and was at one time under its inguence. He states that he was at times ab sent from the election-room, as were the other judges, and that while thus absent, he drank at Marxhausen's, a bar-keeper, who, it

## seems, was a fellow judge.

ABSENCE OF NUNNALLY'S BALLOT. Now, when we consider that tifty-six men, white and colored, sweer positively that they read their ballots, and that they voted for Knight and not for Johnson, and emselves and be mustered into fifty others, who caunot read, but swear they voted the same way, giving reasons why they came to that conclusion; when we find hadges of fraud attaching to this particular precinct, as in the absence of Kunnaliy's written ballot, and by the seventy-odd 'ballots, uniformly folded, free from stains er blots, which, on inspection, have every appearance of having been fraudulearly inserted into the ballot-box; when, added to

all this, we find that the judges themselves were violating the election law by allowing liquors to be brought into the election-room, and by drinking them, P. W. one of the chimneys at the Richmond not only within the room, but in a bar-room near by, and even to intoxication, as we Marshall and Clay, took fire. The smoke filled may properly infer from Vaiden's deposition; when all these facts and circumstances are everal of the young ladies were frightened, considered they would seem to bring convicand supposed that the Institute was really tion to any candid mind, beyond a reasonable doubt, that there were such gross frauds and The house were notified, and an alaim irregularities perpetrated at said precinct as which were seized by the cierk of the market o'clock this afternoon there will be a dressand been stretched it was found that it was in the street was sent on to the Hustings which was sent on to the Hustings with the street was sent on to the Hustings with the street was sent on to the Hustings with the street was sent on to the Hustings with the street was sent on to the Hustings with the street was sent on to the Hustings with the street was sent on to the Hustings with the street was sent on to the Hustings with the street was sent on the street was sen was a word deal was on fire. There ing. We are of the opinion that the returns from this precinct are so false and fraudulent as to be totally unreliable for any purpose

whatever.

mitted as a general principle that the returns | were disposed of : FOUR MEMBERS AGAINST JOHNSON of election officers are prima facie true, because the law presumes that its officials upon the docket. or servants perform their duties. If this presumption is overthrown by satisfactory proof that they have disposition to be made of the proceeds of not performed their duties, but sale, and finally settling all matters in the

have falsified the facts, then the presumption | cause. ceases to operate, and their certificates are only for verities? If they are ascertained to tions and confirming report of commissioner. be false, not only in one, but in many facts Decree ordered accordingly. not consistent with accident or unavoidable pose or to any extent respecting verities? If | rules for proceedings against new parties. so, to what extent? What defines the exion that the whole contest will be found to tent? We conclude, therefore, that these cree referring cause to a commissioner for turn upon the ballots cast at the First prese returns from this precinct are so tainted and inquiry and report. so polluted by fraud as not to be relied on for any purpose-certainly not within any city, yet we do not think anything is proven fraud, which cannot be measured or defined, was committed for ten days in default of that he should have credit for such votes as surety. he has proven dehors the returns, which, district, will give him a majority over the in- fined one dollar. cumbent of all the legal votes cast in the election; that as the incumbent has disturbance in the house of Pat. Cummins, for conveying a convict to the penitentiary. not proved any votes he may have received was required to pay costs. at this precinct-dehors the returns rejected for fraud-be should not have credit for any a disorderly character and creating a disturbat this place. By examining the whole vote ance in the street, was required to pay cost. cast for both candidates at the election we and committed for five days in default of find 5,888 would be a majority. If to con- surety. testant's vote, 5,800, returned for him from the entire district, we add fifty-six legallyproved votes received by him-minus thir- ing in the night-time the dwelling-house of teen votes returned for him at First precinct of Jefferson Ward-we find that his total vote articles, was continued until to-day. received will be 5,843, or forty-five votes less than a majority from the whole district. NOT A MAJORITY.

To elect him, even upon this most favorable hypothesis, it would take within about five (5) votes of the fifty (50), which he fails to prove, except in a few cases, by mere hearsay evidence. Now, it is conceded by both the case of the incumbent? If we reject the returns here for fraud, then the incumbent, failing to prove any votes-dehors the returns-can have credit for none at this precinct. Deducting the 391 returned for trict, and he will have left him 5,583, or 305 uted among them as prize money for capturhim from his entire vote in the disvotes less than a majority of the votes cast in the election. But suppose, for argument, we give him all the votes returned for him and was a little more than half finished at this First precinct about whose ballots there is no testimony, how will he then stand? Subtracting from his entire vote 5,974, the 43 votes of electors who read their ballots and the fifty not legally accorded to Knight, but who a fortiori cannot be given to Johnson, and we find he will have 5,881, or seven votes less than a majority. THE WILL OF THE MAJORITY.

Being therefore of the opinion that it cannot be ascertained from the evidence for ningham, of the tug Craighill; Captain C. whom a majority of the legal electors did vote as between the contestant and the in- and Captain Meads, who was during the cumbent, this question arises for our solution: What shall be done to secure the due | yard, were examined. The plaintiffs are re representation of the Seventh senatorial district, and to ascertain the will of the major- Governor H. H. Wells and Mr. C. S. Bundy,

putation all the votes cast at the First pre- other formerly military Commonwealth's atinct of Jefferson Ward except the fifty-six torney of Richmond. proven for contestant, then, while Knight will have a majority over Johnson, yet he will fail to have a majority of the total vote returns from this precinct show that of the cast in the election. There are authorities which sustain the position that where a party shows by proof, dehors the returns rejected for fraud and uncertainty, a sufficient number of votes cast for him to give a majority in his favor over his opponent, although not a majority of all the votes east in the election, that he ought to be seated; while other authorities show that in such cases the election should be vacated and returned to the people. While not undertaking white, 2 colored-total, 3; syphilis, 1 colorto reconcile these conflicting authorities, since they are not binding upon this body, we are of the opinion that in this case the soundest and safest rule to guide us is to return the election to the people for their decision; for we lay it down as a fundamental principle of both the State and Federal Constitution that the will of the majority shall prevail whenever it is possible for that will to be ascertained.

CONCLUSION. We cannot conclude better, we think, than in the language of our own Court of Appeals (20th Grattan, p. 30): "There can be no dan- total, 2; thirty years to forty, 1 colored ger, on the other hand, in remitting the power of filling an office to the peo- total, 2; fifty years to sixty, 1 white, 1 colorple, to whom it ultimately belongs. be done, rather than have the office 2 white; ninety years to one hundred, filled by the appointment of any court. Such a course is more consistent with sound policy, more just to the voters, more likely to prevent abuse, and more agreeable to the

We therefore submit the following resolution, and recommend its adoption:

Resolved, That in the opinion of the Senate neither Bradley T. Johnson nor William C. Knight is entitled to a seat on this floor. and that the election be referred back to the people for their decision.

B. F. BLAND, H. C. WOOD, MANN SPITLER.

Careful consideration of the evidence and argument of counsel in this case, despite my illness at the Enal deliberations of the comforegoing report. SAMUEL F. MADDOX.

The Two Reports. When the minority report was presented to the Senate it was signed only by Messrs. Bland, Wood, and Spitler, but some time afterwards it was a certained that Mr. Maddox (Republican) desired to sign it, and when placed in his hands he made the endorsement which appears above. The report made by Major Daniel remains the report of the committee, as it was the verdict of four of the seven members of the committee who were present when the action was taken.

ty church still continues to increase in interest. On Monday night sixteen persons professed conversion, and last night, though the weather was inclement, the bouse was filled, and eight persons were converted. Dr. Bledsoe preaches nightly, and announced continue for a month to come. A peculiar better pay up before next Monday. feature of this meeting is the large number of young men who attend.

CIRCUIT COURT JUROUS.-The following at the February term of the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond, commencing on the 7th instant: George D. Thackston, Lewis H. Frayser, F. W. Ford, R. F. Guskins, Napoleon Burke, William L. Slater, John M. Kimbrough, F. A. Puckett, R. L. Glazebrook, George A. Haynes, George W. Duesberry, Jr., William H. Cordon, Abram Gunst, John

penter. CHARGED WITH STEALING HIS OWN PRO-FERTY .- James Hickman, a colored huckster, was before the Police Justice pesterday morning, charged with breaking and entering the scale-house of the Second Market and stealing therefrom a lat of fish. Hickman had exposed for sale a lot of unsound fish, which were seized by the clerk of the market Court for indictment.

the fraud, we next inquire as to the conse- promise with his creditors.

quences of such falsification in the returns | CHANCERY COURT, TUESDAY - Judge E. H. rom said precinct. It will no doubt bead- Fitzhugh presiding .- The following cases Lee vs. Lee, &c. Order refastating cause

Wintermute vs. Hines, &c. Decree con-

Chandler's administrator us. Richmond. no longer verities. What, then, are their Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad Comcertificates? If they are not verities, can pany, &c. : Terrel's administrator vs. Chandthey enlighten an honest tribunal seeking ler. Opinion of the court overruling excep-

Virginia State Agricultural Society vs mistakes, can they be accepted for any pur- Burr, &c. Order remanding cause to the Greaner's executor vs. Greaner, &c. De-

POLICE COURT, YESTERDAY - Justice Joseph reasonable or definable limits. It is claimed J. White presiding.-William McElvoy. by the contestant that since the returns from | charged with trespassing upon the premises this precinct must be rejected by reason of of and cursing and abusing D. McCormick.

Harris Scott (colored), guilty of creating a added to his vote in the remainder of the disturbance in the house of Posey Drew. was

Susan Lee (colored), guilty of creating a Delia Brook (colored), charged with being

The case of William James (colored) charged with feloniously breaking and enter-

John Lyon and stealing one hat and other William Cosby (colored), charged with stealing three hogs valued at fifteen dollars, the property of Charles Jones, was sent to jail for four months.

SUIT FOR PRIZE MONEY FOR CAPTURING CONFEDERATE IRON-CLADS .- United States Commissioner Matthew T. Pleasants yesterday commenced taking evidence of witnesses here in the suit of the officers and men of the North Atlantic squadron (which was commanded by Admiral Porter) vs. the United States Government. The suit is now pend ing in the Court of Claims at Washington and the claimants ask that about seven or eight hundred thousand dollars be distrib ing the Confederate iron-ciads Texas and Beaufort. The Texas was built in Richmond uation she was towed up to a point near Drewry's Bluff, and it is believed the Conederate authorities made arrangements to blow her up, but if they did they failed Having been deserted she floated down the river, and was captured by the Federal feet. The Beaufort was on the stocks in this city, and was, at the evacuation, fired and nearly burnt up. Yesterday Captain Gifford, of the steamer Sylvester; Captain Cun-J. Fox and Captain Graves, ship-builders, war in authority at the Confederate navypresented in the proceedings here by exboth now of Washington, and the one for-It is true, if we throw out of the com-

MORTUARY REPORT .- The following is the mortuary report for the week ending Saturday, January 29, 1876, compiled from sextons' returns received at the office of the Board of Health: Cause of Death: Aphthæ, 1 colored; bronchitis (chronic). 1 white cancer, 1 colored; congestion of brain, 1 white; consumption, 2 white; convulsions (infantile), 1 white; diphtheria, 1 white fever (typhoid), 1 white; heart-disease, white, 2 colored-total, 3; meningitis, white; paralysis, 2 colored; pneumonia, ed; tetanus, 1 colored; tuberculosis, 1 white, 1 colored-total, 2; unknown, colored. Whole number of deaths in the city exclusive of still-births, 23. Still-Births : White male, 2; white female, 1; colored male, 1-total, 4. Sex: White males, 5; colored males, 3-total, 8; white females, 6; colored females, 9-total, 15. Age: One day to thirty, I colored; one month to six, white, 1 colored-total, 2; six months to twelve, 1 white, 1 colored-total, 2; one year to three, 1 colored; three years to five, 2 white : five years to ten, 1 white, 1 coloredforty years to fifty, 1 white, 1 coloreded-total, 2; sixty years to seventy, 2 white, a doubtful case it ought to 2 colored-total, 4; seventy years to eighty colored Condition: Single, 6 white, 6 colored-total, 12; married, 5 white, 2 color--total, 8; widows, 3 colored. Nativity: United States, 23. Locality: City at large colored; Marshall Ward, 4 while, 2 colored-total, 6; Jefferson Ward, 2 white: Madison Ward, 2 colored; Monroe Ward, white, 1 colored-total, 3; Clay Ward, white, 1 colored-total, 2; Jackson Ward, 1 white, 2 colored-total, 3; almshouse, colored. By whom Certified : Regular prac titioners, 10 white, 9 colored-total, 19; irreg

ular practitioners, 1 colored; Board of Health 1 white, 2 colored-total, 3. COMPARATIVE WEEKLY MORTALITY. -Week ending -

Jap. 31, Jan. 30, Jap. 22, Jan. 29
1874. 1875. 1876. 1876.
W. C. W. C. W. -C. W. -C.
Total deaths. 16 20 10 23 9 18 11 12
Still-born..... 0 1 ·0 0 1 3 3 1 Mean temperature for the week ending January 22 57.57: mean temperature for the

week ending January 29, 51.28. Amount of rainfall for the week ending January 22, 0.25 inches; amount of rainfall for the week ending Jacciary 29, 0.0

inches. Population of the city estimated by schoolcensus, 72,500 -white, 41,406; colored, 31, Rate of mortality of whole population wa

16.49 per 1,000 per annum; rate of mortalit; of white population was 13.27 per 1,000 pc Religious. - The revival-meeting at Trini- annum; rate of mortality of colored population was 20.06 per 1,000 per annum.

DELINQUENT TAN-LIST .-- A list of persons and amounts of delinquent personal taxes for 1875 is to be posted in front of the City Hall door, and all persons who don't want last night that he expected the meeting to to see their shortcomings made public had MUSIC OF YE OLDEN TIME. - A glance at the

pregramme for the concerts to be given Thursday and Friday nights for the benefit persons have been drawn to serve as jurous of the Grace-Street Presbyterian church has convinced us that the community will have an enportanity for enjoyment not often equalled. There is such variety embraced in the programme that the most fastidious cannot fail to be delighted. Among the pieces is the eclebrated." Infiammatus," from "Stabat Mater," with a superb obligate solo to be sung by one of the finest sopranes in J. Cannon, David B. Jones, William J. Car- the city, and with an accompaniement of sixty-five voices and full orchestra toned down to a distant murmuc. They have not been regardless of the lovers of fun. It is enough to mention "Old King Cole," "The Fox Jumped Over the Parson's Gate," and 'Cousing Jedediah" to induce votaries of humor to seeure tickets. The diagram se sures an overflowing house for the first night and a good prospect for the second. At 51

LECTURE AT CENTENARY CHURCH .- Rev. Charles F. Deems, D. D., pastor of the Compromised.—The proceedings against B. Church of the Strangers, of New York, will whatever.

Consequence of the fraud.

If we are correct in the conclusion as to Consequence of the con devoted to the Dorcas Society of the church. fe 2.8t\*

PERSONAL .- Miss Sue Ridenour, the celebrated blind vocalist, so well known in this city, left for Baltimore last week, by invitation, to assist in a grand concert in Balti-

The condition of Mr. Cuthbert, Herald correspondent, who has been quite ill, is improving.

Colonel Norborne Berkley, now farmer at the Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College, and Colonel Walter H. Taylor, of Norfolk, were at the Exchange Hotel yester-

Recorder Hackett of New York, who is almost as great a man as his old friend Tweed used to be, was in this city day before yesterday. He came in on a steamer of the Old Dominion Line in the morning, and went away on the northward-bound train at night. Mojer Fulton, one of the chief members of the American team that went to Ireland last year and won such renown, will shortly be in this city with the view of meeting any gentlemen who may wish to organize rifle eams or clubs.

CONVICTS RECEIVED .- Isaac Johnson (colored), ten years for grand larceny, and Jesse Smith (colored), six years for burgalry, sent on from Alexandria county, were received yesterday. The account of W. C. Wibert, sheriff of Alexandria county, presented with these prisoners, read as follows: Two days six dollars; actual necessary expenses of sheriff, \$16.50; actual necessary expenses o prisoners, \$13.50; guard's expenses, \$16.50; total, \$52.50.

THE THEATRE.-Furbish's company is drawing good houses, and is receiving marked evidences of public approval. Tonight Led Astray will be presented in fine style. It is a drama which has become quite popular, and has many fine points and interesting scenes.

#### MANCHESTER NEWS.

Shot from Carelessness .- Albert Voltaire, a young white man, who resides about five miles from the city, accidentally shot himself in the head yesterday while out hunting. The shot entered his head just behind the left ear, tearing away the hair and a portion of the scalp. The wound, though painful, is not considered dangerous.

Rumor .- It is rumored that Justices Clay ton and Howlett (negro), both Republicans are about to have Mr. J. M. W. Fitzpatrick, counsel in the Bott case, arrested upon the charge of intimidating witnesses.

THINK NOT OF PURCHASING YOUR HAMBURGH EDGINGS and INSERTINGS anywhere until you have seen LEVY BROTHERS' assortment.

HAPPY HOMES !- George T. Wetzger, 29 east German street, Lancaster, Pa., has been using WISHART'S PINE-TREE-TAR CORDIAL. He reommends it to others with great success in curing all pulmonary complaints. Palatable for children. A valuable substitute for alcoholic "bitters."

FIRST CLASS DRY GOODS of every description can be had at low prices at LEVY BROTHERS' that at any other establishment in this city.

Two pollars will buy a misses' school-shoe, o Philadelphia make, at J. A. GRIGG's, Tenth and

REMNANTS OF DRESS GOODS and NOTTINGHAN LACES can be had at LEVY BROTHERS! at great bargains.

FIVE DOLLARS will buy a first-class gaiter at J. A. GRIGG'S. Tenth and Main streets.

LEVY BROTHERS have made large additions to their stock of linen goods, which they will sell at bottom prices. W. D. BLAIR & Co., 903 Main street, MEDICINAL

WHISKEY." B SELECT," CIGARS of all grades. WINES, TEAS, LIQUORS, &c.

B SELECT is highly recommended for a pure famil whickey. SAVE MONEY by having your printing done at the DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE. Good work, low

prices, and satisfaction guaranteed. DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE .- In order to meet the constantly increasing demands of our trade we have added a well-selected assortment of NEW TYPE, which, together with our IMPROVED MA CHINERY and SKILFUL MECHANICAL TALENT, warrant us in guaranteeing the VERY BEST CLASS OF WORK at moderate figures and in the most ex-

peditious manner. THE TRADE can only get the genuine "PRIDE OF KEY WEST " CIGAR at W. D. BLAIR & CO'S. BOSCHEN & BROTHER offer their winter stock of

Boots, Shoes, Trunks, and Valises at very low prices in order to make room for spring goods. 509 and 511 BROAD STREET. COMMISSION MERCHANTS .- We solicit your orders for printing, or a call at any time you may wish to see specimens or ob ain estimates, feeling

DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE .- Unsurpassed facilities for the prompt execution of all kinds of printing. Orders filled promptly and at low prices

assured that it will be to your advantage.

CUSTOM (hand-made) WORK to order, and guar anteed to fit. Repairing neatly done by BOSCHEN & BROTHER, 509 and 511 Broad street.

#### AUCTION SALES THIS DAY. ROBERT B. LYNE, 4 P. M., large brick dwelling

between Clay and Leigh. BYERLY & CO., 16% A. M., furniture, carpeter crockery, glassware, &c.

## WANTS.

ANTED, BORROWERS AND LEND WERS.—Persons wishing to BORROW or LEND MONEY, secured by deeds of trust upon de-strable real estate, located in this city, will and it to simble real estate, located in their interest to call upon us, their interest to call upon us,

WANTED, A NURSE. REFERENCES required. Apply at 408 east Grace street.

DUSTIN, GILMAN & CO..
SUBSCRIPTION-BOOK PUBLISHERS.
AGENTS WANTED-male and female. Apply
Boom 12, third floor, Piedmont and Arlingt WANTED, several WOMEN-COOKS,

WASHERS. & ... for New York. Philadelphia. and other northern cities; also, a MAN and WIFE, and another WOMAN, and BOY sixteen WIFE, and another Wolland, and box six years old, to go to Columbus, Ky. Also, SIX WOOD-CHOPPERS and one BLACKSMITH to go to the country-sil color-d; and one WHIE WOM. N to cook force family in the country.

Apply to

J. P. JUSTIS, Labor Agent, fe 2

No. 9 Fifteenth street.

WANTED, a No. 1 SAWYER at my mill, VV in Hanover county, near Forest Grove church. Apply to me, at Ashland, or at the mill. H. SAUNDERS. MULE WANTED.

## Wanted, a medium-sized MULE, well broke

must be quick and perfectly gentle; \*ge, not over five years. Price must be reasonable. Apply at G. W. ROYSTER & CO., 105 Twelfth street, near Cary fe 1-2t\* COOK WANTED, WITHOUT CHIL-DREN, to do the work of a small family. Ap

LOST, STRAYED, AND FOUND. LOST, A EOOK ON THE FREEDMEN'S BANK AND TRUST COMPANY belonging to the UNION PHENIX SOCIETY. A libera reward will be paid for its delivery to THOMAS PAYNE,

#### 1303 Fourteenth street. PINANCIAL.

RAIL'ROAD BONDS FOR SALE
BONDS of \$1,000 each, bearing seven per cent. In-BONI'S of \$1,000 each, bearing seven per cent. Interest, may be hought from \$10 per bond upwards on the receival of business many of these bonds will rise enormously in value, and for either investment or speculation they offer unsurpassed inducements. I offer a large line of bonds, and invite correspondence.

W. H. WEEKS, Banker, 178 Broadway, New York. fe 2-cod1 m

Latest News from Washington.

XLVTH CONGRESS-First Session SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February, 1, 1876. The citizens of Illinois petition for the re peal of the resumption act, and the substitution of legal tenders for national-bank notes. Mr. Sherman reported from the Committee on Finance a concurrent resolution for States and Great Britain, with reasons why

VO.

it should pass. House bill extending the time for unstamp ed instruments was passed. The District interest bill was further dis

cussed without action. Executive session. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The bill giving an American register to the Hawaiian bark Arctic was .passed. She changed her flig during the war to save capture, for which there was some disposition to punish her. During the discussion Mr Wood said he was not specially opposed to the passage of this bill, but that his remarks were intended to be general in their application. He was an advocate of free ships, and had always been in favor of free trade, be lieving that American industry, American enterprise, American capital, and American progressiveness, enabled this country to com-

pete with all other countries. The House took up as a special order the proposed amendment to the Constitution reported from the Judiciary Committee which is that " no person who has held or may bereafter hold the office of President shall ever again be eligible to said office." To this proposition Mr. Frye, of Maine, member of the Judiciary Committee, offered the following as a substitute: "From and after the 4th day of March, 1885, the term of office of President and Vice-President of the United States shall be six years; and any person having been elected to and held the M. McGuff, J. S. Phillips, each two years in election.

The bill was discussed by Messrs. Knott New, Frye, McCreary, Caulfield, Lawrence, and Harrison. Mr. Knott gave notice that he would call the previous question on Wednesday at th expiration of the morning hour.

Adjourned. Democratic Congressional Caucus. WASHINGTON, February 1 .- The Democratic caucus met to-night. The finance question was discussed at considerable

the Committee of Consultation. Weather Probabilities. Washington, February 1 .- For the South Atlantic States, winds shifting to brisk and high northeasterly, with rapidly rising barometer, decidely colder and clear or clearing weather, following rainy weather to-night. For the Middle States, low barometer, with rain and snow, followed by rapidly rising

#### ring the afternoon or night clearing weather. Various Items.

Washington, February 1 .- The Ways and Means Committee have agreed to report in favor of the Hawailan treaty. There was a full Cabinet meeting to-day

barometer, brisk and high northwesterly

winds, decided fall in temperature, and du-

The Secretary of the Treasury informs the House that all the information respecting the Freedman's Bank called for is in the docuent presented the Senate by the commissioners, and reminds the House that his connection with the commissioners terminated

with their selection and binding. The District Commissioners since their appointment have paid \$111,710 for advertising-viz., Republican, \$55.000; Chronicle, \$14.000; Star, \$8,000; Critic, \$1,000; and small sums abroad.

The debt statement shows a decrease of \$1,500,000. Coin in the Treasury, \$73,625,-000; currency, \$12,090,000. Among the confirmations to-day was that

of Mitchell as collector of customs at Yorktown, Va. Colonel William Kilgour, of Alexandria, s prominently mentioned in connection with liself: the secretaryship of the Democratic Central Committee, which is to be appointed to-morrow night. Colonel Kilgour is widely and

favorably known, not only in Virginia but in Maryland and the West, most of which he has canvassed. The President has recognized William amb as vice-consul for Sweden and Norway t Norfolk.

Rev. C. K. Marshell, of Mississippi, and Major Bond addressed the Senate committee to-night in behalf of the Texas Pacific railroad.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS. Germany.

MODUS VIVENDI BETWEEN CHURCH AND STATE, &C. LONDON, February 1 .- A special to the Standard from Berlin says Cardinal Hohentoke has gone to Rome. It is thought that this tends to confirm the statements that negotiations are in progress for the establishment of a modus vivendi between the church and State in Germany.

Archbishop Ledochowski is expected to arrive in Rome on the 6th of February, where a grand reception is preparing for him. He will probably remain in Rome.

#### England. A HEAVY DEFALCATION.

LONDON, February 1 .- The Hour understands that a warrant has been issued for the apprehension of William Smith, of the wellknown arm of solicitors of Smith & Co. It is feared he has used a large amount of his debts amount to \$750,000.

## France.

THE RECENT SENATORIAL ELECTIONS. LONDON, February 1 .- A Daily News Paris special this morning says, with refer-Paris special this morning says, with reference to the conflicting statements of the recent french senatorial elections in French newspapers, that the figures are artfully grouped in accordance with party feeling. Two great face, however, are prominent—the absence of a majority willing to dissolve the Republican Assembly and the discomfiture of the Bonapartists

Spain.

NEAR END OF THE CARLEST WAR—THE AMERICAN NOTE.

#### NOTE. London, February 1 .- A Berlin special to

the Wews says: Spain has intimated to the Government of Great Britain that it will end the Carlist war in a week or ten days, and have more troops at its disposal for Cuba. It is understood that the practical grievances specified in the American note are in general not denied, nor is any counter-complaint against the neutrality of the United States alleged. MOVEMENTS OF THE ALFONSISTS.

MADEID, February 1 .- It is officially stated that General Queseda has destroyed a powder and cartridge manufactory and occupied Duns, Arteage, and Cenauri, in Biscay. He now threatens Durango. General Martinez

Campos is marching upon Eliscado, in Northern Navarre, which place he will attack to SAN SEBASTIAN, February 1 .- Advices received here announce that Martinez Campos is advancing into the heart of the Batzon Valley, driving the Carlists towards the

A great panic is said to prevail among the Carlists at Vera and other points on the Bilbao river. General Moriones continues the movements he commenced yesterday.

mountains of the frontier.

## CARLIST REVERSES DENIED AND SUCCESSES

pulsed the Royalists and pursued them to Punte La Reine; that the Royalist division VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. advancing on Lorea was defeated, and re-

BY TELEGRAPH.

## treated precipitately; and that Moriones re-

One square, one month...

ceived a severe check on the 29th of January. Rassia.

THE DISPATCH. TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

CASH-INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

## FLIGET OF AN ALABMIST.

Moscow, February 1 .- The German Gazette of this city is informed that the reason of the departure of the merchant Brodsky was that he was the author of the alarmist telegrams, letters, and dispatches to Berlin and London, with the object of depreciating Russian stocks and raising the price of wheat.

## Turkey.

a common unit of money for the United THE PORTE CONSIDERING ANDROSSAY'S NOTE. Constantinople, February 1 .- The Austrian, Russian, and German ambassadors communicated Count Androssay's note verbally to the Porte yesterday. The ambassadors of the other Powers at the same time declared that their Governments saw nothing in the note contrary to the treaty of Paris. The Porte promised to examine the scheme

and acquaint the Powers with its decision. India. CLAIMANT TO THE THRONE BANISHED. BOMBAY, February 1.—Sadash Ras, the nephew of the deposed Guicwar, and the

## claimant to the throne, has been deposed.

Fire at Louisburg, N. C. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.] Weldon, N. C., February 1 .- The Good Templars' lodge, the post-office, several stores and houses at Louisburg, N. C., were destroyed by fire about 2 o'clock this morning. The post-office building was not insured, but most of the others were fully or partially insured. Barrow & Pleasants and

### Illicit Distillers Sentenced.

Terrell & Harris are the principal sufferers.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., February 1 .- In court to-day the following named parties were sentenced as follows by Judge Gresham : P. C. Eberwine, G. T. Simonson, D. M. Lewis, H. Miller, William Munford, H. B. Snyder, A. office of President shall be ineligible to re- the penitentiary and \$1,000 fine; J. K. Hill, three years and \$1,000 fine; T. Robb, one year in jail and \$1,000 fine; H. Jacques, George Hagen, C. Coconner, J. F. Crist, and D. Reilly, each six months in jail and \$500 fine. The sentence of J. W. Bingham was

#### Minor Telegrams. NEW HAVEN, CONN., February 1 .- Judson

postponed.

Brothers, pork-packers, have failed. Liabilities, 2300,000; assets, unknown. Sr. Louis, February 1.-The jury in the McKee case have rendered a verdict of length, but the caucus came to no conclusion, and the matter was finally referred to guilty. The public expected a different re-

WATERTOWN, N. Y., February 1 .- The

treasurer of St. Lawrence county is a defaulter to the amount of \$35,000. He is a Republican, and has been in office eighteen San Francisco, February 1 .-- The Japanese commissioners to the Centennial, comprising five persons, arrived yesterday on the Belgic. Newburg, N. Y., February 1 .- The Seam-

less Clothing Manufacturing Company, at

Mattenwan, suspended yesterday, throwing

400 persons out of employment, many of whom are destitute. CAIRO, ILL., February 1 .- It has been snowing since 10 o'clock this morning. NEW YORK, February 1. - The Fenian Convention has elected John O'Mahoney head-

BRADFORD, ME., February 1.-Arthur P.

Devlin, the anti-Catholic lecturer, who has

been mobbed two or three times in New Eng-

land, was driven off the platform while lecturing here last night, and the hall taken possession of by a mob. NEW MARKET, N. H., February 1 .- Lafavette. Hall & Bates's bolt factory was

#### burned last night. VEGETINE.

TT WAS CICERO WHO SAID THAT MEN WERE NEVER SO LIKE THE GODS AS WHEN BRINGING HEALTH TO THEIR

FELLOW-MEN." The following approved statement, will speak for

BOSTON, March 23, 1874. H. R. Stevens, Esq.: Dear Sir,-A few days after the 4th of July last I got my leg hurt by a fellow-workman letting a plank fall, which struck me on the knee. For four months following I was under the treatment of the physicians at the dispensary; at the end of which time they told me they could do nothing more for me, and that I must go to the hospital and have my leg amputated above the knee. I was removed to the hospital, and lay there ten weeks under the treatment of the best skill the hospital afforded, and no pen can describe the great suffering I endured. My leg was swollen to nearly the size of my body, and all the surface of my knee turned black, and I was told that my knee was so diseased as to render it impossible to save my leg, and unless it was amputated soon I would die. When I first went to the hospital I raised such an objection to the amputation of my leg they consented to try one alternative, which was to cut out all the diseased flesh and replace it with sound flesh from the other leg. They did cut six pieces from my well leg and place it where the diseased flesh had been removed, but the bone was so much diseased that this experiment proved a failure, and I was removed to my home in a hopeless condition. Other physicians were then employed, until all the money which I had saved from my earnings had been expended, and one thing after another disposed of to pay DOCTORS' BILLS, until my family was in a destitu condition, with no hope for myself except relief by death. At this time Mr. Hill, the police officer in my street, called in to see me, and after rendering pecuniary assistance to my family, brought some VEGETINE for me, urging me to give it a faithful trial, saying when those two bottles were gone he would see that I had some more. After I had been taking the VEGETINE three days the ulters in my knee commenced to discharge, and I cannot begin money belonging to various clients, and that to describe the frightful quantity that was discharged during the following eight days, and though previously I had suffered indescribable pain,

THE POLICEMAN'S STATEMENT.

rendering sleep impossible, after taking the V. GE-

TINE three days the pain all left me and my whole

complaint seemed to be pouring out of me with this

corrupted matter. The VEGETINE was not only

The above statement is true. I procured the VEGETINE for him, and carefully observed his conlition from the time he commenced to use it until WILLIAM B. HILL, Police Officer.

Can we expect to enjoy good health when bad or can we expect to enjoy good neath with dad on or corrupt humors circulate with the blood, causing pain and disease? And these humors being deposited through the entire body, produce pimples, cruptions, ulcers, indigestion, costiveness, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism, and numerous, other complaints. Remove the cause by taking VIGETINE, the most reliable remedy for cleansing and purifying the blood.

PAIN AND DISEASE.

FIRST DOSE ON A BOSTON POLICE OFFICER. Boston, November 15, 1871. H. R. Stevens, Esq. :

H. R. Stevens, Esq.:

Dear Sir,—In the spring of 1869 I was stricken down with fever, which had a long and almost hopeless run. The best medical advice being in attendance. I was taken through the fever; but it left me terribly reduced and weak, with excaudating pains in my side, back, and hips, I was completely prostrated with kidney complaint, and no medicine seemed to reach my case.

In this condition I was persuaded to try VECE-TINE by a friend whom it cured of the same discase, and it seemed as though I could feet the effect of the first dose through my whole system; affel from that moment I began to mend, gradually growing better from day to day, and I followed on with the VEGETINE until it completely restored me to bealth, since which time I have been able to perform my duties as a police officer, soloying seed health; and there is no doubt about the great values of VEGETINE in kidney complaints and aiming dis-

Toleosa, February 1.—The Carlists deny that they were defeated at Santa Barbara.

They claim that their General Perula re

health; and there is no doubt about the great value of Vegetine in kidney complaint and aim dar discuss.

Laparette Ford.

Laparette Ford.

[ja 29-84 W21] #